

Section D - Template for Bibliography

Additional to the links we will provide, this bibliography will give information on publications that are not available online.

When preparing the bibliography, for each of the publications you mention, please:

- Use the following structure: **Name, First letter of first Name (if appropriate: Eds.) (Year): Title. Place: Editor. N. of page (if appropriate).**

Example: Aleinikoff, T. Alexander/Klusmeyer, D (Eds.) (2001): Citizenship Today. Global Perspectives and Practices. Washington, DC: Brookings Institution Press.

- Give a very short explanation of contents (1-2 sentences)

References	Contents
Centro Risorse Nazionale Per L'orientamento (Eds.) (2006): Vivere l'Italia. Roma: Tipografia Sab.	<i>The book is part of concise guides collection aiming at providing basic information in the following areas: career guidance, education, vocational training and job in Italy.</i>
Cedefop — European Centre for the Development of Vocational Training (Eds.) (2003): The vocational education and training system in Italy. EU Book Shop.	<i>The Italian education and training system has been radically overhauled in recent years. The book provides a short description on the vocational education and training system in Italy.</i>
Mocavini A., Paliotta A. P. (Eds.) (2004): La domanda di lavoro qualificato in Italia. I canali di ricerca, le inserzioni a modulo e la curva di Beveridge. Milano: Isfol Franco	<i>This text proposes a reflection on the innovative channels, such as corporate sites, the university placement, the social network analysis to complement the traditional</i>

Angeli.

form and related entries in the trends about the professions most in demand by companies. A large part is then devoted to theoretical discussion and practical application of the Beveridge curve (the study of the inverse relationship between unemployment and vacancies). The authors intend to contribute to the identification and description of the concrete through which the encounter between supply and demand in Italy.

Reyneri E. (2011): Sociologia del mercato del lavoro. Società editrice il Mulino.

This work analyses the Italian labour market in a comparative perspective, taking into account the experiences of several European countries

Directorate-General for Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion, European Commission (Eds.) (2009): "You will hear from us..." - What you should know when applying for a job in another EEA country. Brussels. EUBookshop. 218 p.

This guide provides citizens with the most important information they need to know when applying and interviewing for a job in a different EEA country so they can take full advantage of their right to live and work abroad. In addition, this guide tells people about the European employment service EURES and the assistance it can provide during an international job search

Directorate-General for Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion, European Commission (Eds.) (2011): The coordination of healthcare in Europe. Brussels. EUBookshop. 35 p.

This guide gives competent national institutions an overview of the EU coordination provisions in the field of healthcare. It covers the rights of insured persons and their family members, including those of pensioners and their families. Provisions are detailed for both residence and stay, either in the country of insurance or in another country of the European Union.

Centro Studi Unioncamere (Eds.) (2011): La domanda di lavoratori immigrati: previsioni occupazionali e fabbisogni professionali delle imprese per il 2011. Roma. tipografi a Grafi cart snc, Formia

This guide provides useful information on the situation of immigrants' demand in Italy. In particular, it shows the employment outlook and the companies' professional needs.

Del Boca D. and Venturini A. (2003): Italian Migration. <http://ftp.iza.org/dp938.pdf>

This document provides an analysis of the emigration effects in the areas of origin, namely the positive effect of the remittances and the changes in the composition of the remaining population. Special attention has been given to the illegality issue because the majority of the immigrants became legal by applying for an amnesty. The determinants of the emigration in the country of origins and the effects in the destination close the picture. The conclusion provides a look at the future and the policy changes that should be adopted.

Vitiello M., IRPPS-CNR (2008): Immigration and integration policy in Italy. <http://www.irpps.cnr.it/it/pubblicazioni/attivita-editoriale/immigration-and-integration-policies-in-italy>

This guide is focused on the specific development of immigration and related integration policies in Italy.

Barone G., Sauro M. (September 2010): With a little help from abroad: the effect of low-skilled immigration on the female labor supply. Pavia University.

In this paper, the authors examine whether and how the inflow of female immigrants who “specialize” in household production affects the labor supply of Italian women. To identify the causal effect, they exploit the reunifications motives and the network effects as an instrument for the geographical distribution of female foreign workers.

IRPET - Job centers (Eds.) (2010): CPI Report 2010-Stranieri e centri per l’impiego: rappresentazione e uso dei servizi. Grafiche Martinelli s.r.l.

This guide published by the Italian job centers offers an useful overview on the services provided by the job centers in Italy (introduction; how to search for and find a job in Italy; the most recent trends related to the Italian labour market, etc.)

Giaccone M. (CESOS) (2009): Migrant workers found mainly in low-skilled occupations <http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/ewco/2009/02/IT09020491.htm>

The report Non-nationals in the Italian labour market (in Italian, 2.2Mb PDF) – published by the National Institute for Statistics (Istituto Nazionale di Statistica, Istat) – summarises the findings regarding the living and working conditions of the non-national population according to various surveys carried out in the past decade.